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(REV 10-2000)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

**TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES  
DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US)  
CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371**

ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER

T7A

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (if known, see 37 CFR 1.55)

09/890725

INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO.

PCT/NL00/00072

INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE

February 4, 2000

PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED

February 5, 1999

TYPE OF INVENTION

Method Device for Welding Together Two Bodies

APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US

Kastelein, Maarten Willem; Kramer, Gerardus Maria

Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:

1. ☒ This is a FIRST submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
2. ☐ This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
3. ☒ This is an express request to promptly begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)).
4. ☐ The US has been elected by the expiration of 19 months from the priority date (PCT Article 31).
5. ☒ A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2))
  - a. ☒ is attached hereto (required only if not communicated by the International Bureau).
  - b. ☒ has been communicated by the International Bureau.
  - c. ☐ is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).
6. ☒ An English language translation of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).
7. ☒ Amendments to the claims of the International Application as under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3))
  - a. ☐ are attached hereto (required only if not communicated by the International Bureau).
  - b. ☐ have been communicated by the International Bureau.
  - c. ☐ have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.
  - d. ☒ have not been made and will not be made.
8. ☒ An English language translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).
9. ☐ An oath or declaration of the inventors(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)).
10. ☐ An English language translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)).

Item 11 to 16 below concern document(s) or information included:

11. ☒ An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.
12. ☐ An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.
13. ☒ A FIRST preliminary amendment.  
☐ A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment.
14. ☐ A substitute specification.
15. ☐ A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.
16. ☐ Other items or information:

ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER

T7A

**CALCULATIONS** PTO USE ONLY

**BASIC NATIONAL FEE ( 37 CFR 1.492 (a) (1) - (5) :**

Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) nor international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO and International Search Report not prepared by the EPO or JPO. . . . .	<b>\$1000.00</b>
International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but International Search Report prepared by the EPO OR JPO. . . .	<b>\$860.00</b>
International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO . . . . .	<b>\$710.00</b>
International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) but all claims did not satisfy provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4) . . . . .	<b>\$690.00</b>
International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4) . . . . .	<b>\$100.00</b>

**ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =**

\$	860
----	-----

Surcharge of **\$130.00** for furnishing the oath or declaration later than ☐ 20 ☐ 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(e)).

§

CLAIMS	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE
Total Claims	9 - 20 =		X <b>\$18.00</b>
Independent Claims	2 - 3 =		X <b>\$80.00</b>
MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM(S) (if applicable)			+ <b>\$270.00</b>

\$	0
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\$	0
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§

**TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS =**

\$	860
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☐ Applicant claims small entity status. See 37 CFR 1.27. The fees indicated above are reduced by 1/2.

§

**SUBTOTAL =**

\$

Processing fee of \$130.00 for furnishing English translation later than ☐ 20 ☐ 30  
months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(f)). ☐ +

§

**TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =**

\$	860
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Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31). **\$40.00** per property +

§

**TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED =**

\$ 860

Amount to be

\$

**refunded:**

\$

a. ☒ A check in the amount of \$ 860 to cover the above fees is enclosed.

b. ☐ Please charge my Deposit Account No. \_\_\_\_\_ in the amount of \$ \_\_\_\_\_ to cover the above fees.  
A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

c. ☐ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. \_\_\_\_\_. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

**NOTE:** Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.

SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:

Mark Zovko  
36504 28th Avenue South  
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253-838-1909

SIGNATURE

Mark Zovko

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

27849

REGISTRATION NUMBER

International Application No: PCT/NL00/00072 Attorney Docket No: T7A  
International Filing Date: February 4, 2000  
Priority Date: February 5, 1999 International Classification: B 23K 9/028  
Inventor: Kastelein, Maarten Willem  
Kramer, Gerardus Maria  
For: Method and Device for Welding Two Bodies Together

Assistant Commissioner for Patents  
Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Please enter the following Preliminary Amendment into the above-mentioned application.

**Preliminary Amendment**

In the claims:

Please amend claim 5 as follows.

5. (once amended) Method for welding together two pipes as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that each carrier is moved per welding pass over half a peripheral part of the pipes.

**Remarks**

The preliminary amendment is used to eliminate multiple dependent claims by amending claim 5 of the annexes.

Respectfully submitted,



Mark Zovko  
Reg. No. 27849  
for applicant

July 30, 2001  
(253) 838-1909

### **Marked Up Version of Revised Claim Showing Changes**

5. Method for welding together two pipes as claimed in [any of the preceding claims] claim 1, characterized in that each carrier is moved per welding pass over half a peripheral part of the pipes.

## METHOD AND DEVICE FOR WELDING TOGETHER TWO BODIES

The present invention relates to a method for welding together two bodies, for instance pipes or plates, which are placed mutually in line against each other while leaving clear a weld groove, wherein the weld groove is filled with more than one welding layer by means of a welding torch moved in longitudinal direction of the weld groove. The present invention also relates to a device for welding together two bodies, for instance pipes or plates, which are placed mutually in line against each other while leaving clear a weld groove, comprising at least one carrier for a welding torch guidable in longitudinal direction of the weld groove.

It is generally known to realize connections between two pipes, for instance to form a pipeline, or two plates by means of welding. Since the maximum thickness of a welding layer which can be deposited is limited and the pipes or plates are often too thick to be connected with a single welding layer, a welded connection is built up by laying several welding layers over each other until the weld groove is wholly filled. A method and device suitable for this purpose is known from the Netherlands patent application 9400742.

The present invention has for its object to improve the above stated method and device.

The method according to the invention is characterized for this purpose in that two welding layers are laid in one welding pass by means of two welding torches placed successively on a carrier in the longitudinal direction of the weld groove. A time-saving is hereby obtained in the welding process. This is of particular importance in applications where the welding time is of great economic influence, such as is the case in laying pipelines. Particularly in the use aboard a pipelaying vessel, a short welding time is important in

achieving a high production in the number of welded connections per day with a limited number of welding devices. This is because the number of welding devices is limited by the dimensions of the ship.

- 5        If the weld groove has outward diverging walls, at least the trailing torch preferably performs an oscillating movement. A wider welding layer can hereby be laid by the trailing welding torch.

- 10        When the weld groove is filled with two welding layers in only one welding pass, oscillation of only the trailing welding torch can suffice. If on the other hand the weld groove is filled in several welding passes, both the leading and trailing welding torch are then oscillated. In this latter case the trailing welding  
15 torch is preferably oscillated at a greater amplitude than the leading welding torch, so that the width of the welding layer to be deposited per welding pass by each welding torch can be adjusted to the width of the weld groove.

- 20        In order in this case to enable complete filling of the weld groove with welding material, more welding material can be added to the trailing welding torch, although the trailing welding torch can also be oscillated at a different, preferably higher, frequency  
25 than the leading welding torch. The weld width of the two successive welding layers is separately controlled in that both the amplitude and the frequency of the oscillation movements of the two welding torches can be individually adjusted and controlled. This provides the  
30 advantage that there are far fewer limitations in the choice of the form of the welding seam, and that the welding parameters for both torches can be optimally adjusted, whereby optimum savings are achieved in the welding time without great concessions having to be made  
35 in the weld quality (defects, mechanical properties).

In a preferred embodiment of the method for welding together two pipes, two carriers each having two welding torches are moved in peripheral direction of the pipes,

thereby achieving a still further saving in the welding time.

The two carriers each having two welding torches can be displaced successively in the peripheral direction of the pipes, but in preference each carrier is moved per  
5 the pipes, but in preference each carrier is moved per welding pass over half a peripheral part of the pipes.

Each carrier is then preferably moved per welding pass in downward peripheral direction of the pipes. When particular welding processes are used, such as MIG/MAG  
10 welding, downward welding can be performed at higher speed than upward welding. The total welding time in the connection of two pipes is therefore less if welding takes place in only downward direction and each carrier is returned to its starting position after each welding  
15 pass than if welding takes place downward and then upward.

The present invention likewise relates to a device for welding together two pipes or plates. The device according to the invention is characterized by two  
20 welding torches lying successively in the longitudinal direction of the weld groove. A significant advantage of this device is that it is compact and thereby suitable for welding together pipes of small diameter or plates of small size.

25 In the case the weld groove has outward diverging walls, the device according to the invention preferably comprises means for moving at least the trailing welding torch reciprocally in transverse direction the weld groove. These means can for instance be formed by a shaft  
30 pin driven for reciprocal sliding in the carrier and connected to the welding torch.

The invention will be further elucidated hereinbelow with reference to the annexed drawings. In the drawing:

Figure 1 shows a perspective view of a preferred  
35 embodiment of the device according to the invention;

Figure 2 shows on a larger scale a perspective view of detail II of figure 1;



Figure 3 shows a front view of a carrier according to another embodiment of the invention;

Figure 4 is a schematic representation of a welding pass according to a preferred embodiment of the method  
5 according to the invention; and

Figure 5 shows a cross-section of a weld groove with outward diverging walls filled using the method and device according to the invention.

Figure 1 shows a device for welding together two  
10 pipes 1 which are placed coaxially against each other while leaving clear a weld groove 2. One or more of such welding devices can be placed on board a pipelaying vessel to lay welding layers in the annular weld grooves 2 of a pipeline 4 displaced in arrow direction 3. For an  
15 explanation of the components of the welding device shown in figure 1 and not significant for the present invention reference is made to the Netherlands patent application 9400742.

The welding device shown in figure 1 comprises a  
20 guide ring 5 arranged round one of the two pipes 1 and two carriers 6 for two welding torches 7 lying successively in the longitudinal direction of weld groove 2, which carriers can be guided by guide ring 5 in lengthwise direction of weld groove 2. According to a  
25 preferred embodiment of the method, each carrier 6 is moved per welding pass through half a peripheral part in downward peripheral direction of the pipes. The one carrier will thus fill the one half of the weld groove from top to bottom and the other carrier the other half.  
30 Each carrier herein provides two welding layers from top to bottom per welding pass.

Figure 2 shows a perspective view of detail II of figure 1. On the underside of carrier 6 are situated guide wheels 8 for co-action with guide ring 5. Carrier 6  
35 comprises a housing 24 in which is arranged a motor 9 which drives a geared drive pinion 10 which is in frictional contact with an engaging ring 11. This engaging ring 11 consisting of two halves is fixed to

guide ring 5 by means of clamping pieces 12. Motor 9 is arranged pivotally on a shaft 13 on the housing 24 of the carrier. The drive pinion 10 of motor 9 is held in contact with engaging ring 11 by means of a draw spring 5 14.

Arranged on the end face of housing 24 of carrier 6 are two torch holders 15 which each have a wedge-shaped cavity 16 for receiving a wedge 17 connected to welding torch 7. Welding torch 7 is arranged as according to 10 arrow 18 in torch holder 15, whereafter the position drawn in dashed lines in figure 2 is obtained.

For reciprocal movement of welding torches 7 in transverse direction of longitudinal groove 2, an oscillating motor 19 for each welding torch 7 is provided 15 in the housing of carrier 6. Each oscillating motor 19 drives a reciprocally slidable shaft pin 20, wherein each shaft pin 20 is guided slidably in a cylinder 21.

A lifting motor 22 is further arranged in housing 24 of carrier 6. Lifting motor 22 serves to adjust torch 20 holders 15, and thereby also welding torches 7, in radial direction. An independent height adjustment can also be provided for welding torches 7 instead of a collective height adjustment.

Figure 3 shows a front view of a carrier according 25 to another embodiment of the invention. Welding torches 7a, 7b are connected here to carrier 6 by means of clamping jaws 15. In addition, there is provided a guide ring 5 which is held at a distance from the pipes and with which guide wheels 8 are in contact. No engaging 30 ring 11 is therefore present. The two welding torches 7a, 7b placed successively in longitudinal direction of weld groove 2, indicated with arrow 23, lay two welding layers A, B in one welding pass. Because the trailing welding torch 7b lays welding layer B over the welding 35 layer A deposited by the leading welding torch 7a, the trailing welding torch 7b is placed higher in its torch holder 15 than welding torch 7a. Welding torches 7a, 7b

are placed radially relative to pipes 1 so that they enclose a mutual angle.

Using figure 4 and 5 a preferred embodiment of the method according to the present invention will be elucidated. Arrow A designates the welding movement of the leading welding torch 7a and arrow B that of the trailing welding torch 7b. Both welding torches perform an oscillating movement, wherein the trailing welding torch 7b is oscillated at a greater amplitude and a higher frequency than the leading welding torch 7a. By means of this method a weld groove 2 is filled which has outward diverging walls. Since weld groove 2 widens towards the outside, the trailing welding torch 7b must in each welding pass deposit a wider welding layer than leading welding torch 7a, and is therefore oscillated at a greater amplitude than leading welding torch 7a. In addition, the trailing welding torch 7b is preferably oscillated at a higher frequency than leading welding torch 7a in order to enable filling of the wider weld groove 2 with the same quantity of material. The amplitude and frequency of the oscillation movement of each welding torch 7a, 7b is adapted per welding pass to the width of the weld groove 2 for filling.

Figure 5 shows the final result of a V-shaped weld groove 2 filled in five welding passes C. Two welding layers A, B are laid at a time per welding pass C by two successively placed welding torches 7a, 7b.

If both downward and upward welding take place, at each turning point the leading welding torch becomes the trailing welding torch and the trailing welding torch becomes the leading welding torch. It is more advantageous however to only weld downward, wherein two carriers each having two welding torches are preferably moved over half a peripheral part of the pipes, because this can take place at greater speed than upward welding and a time-saving is achieved in the total welding process.

Means for moving at least the trailing welding torch reciprocally in transverse direction of the weld groove other than the shown and described oscillator motor 19 are possible, for instance a pivot arm.

5       The drawing shows a welding device with two carriers, wherein each carrier is provided with two welding torches. The invention is however not limited hereto. Four carriers can for instance also be applied, wherein each carrier covers a quarter peripheral part of  
10 the pipes. This can be advantageous in welding pipes with a large diameter. In addition, more than two welding torches can also be provided per carrier, wherein each welding torch can be oscillated independently with an amplitude and frequency adapted to the width of the weld  
15 groove.

A connection between two pipes can also be welded with more than one welding device, as is usual on a pipe-laying vessel.

## CLAIMS

27 04 2001

(68)

1. Method for welding together two bodies, for instance pipes or plates, which are placed mutually in line against each other while leaving clear a weld groove, wherein the weld groove is filled with more than one welding layer by means of a welding torch moved in longitudinal direction of the weld groove, characterized in that two welding layers are laid in one welding pass by means of two welding torches placed successively at a predetermined fixed distance in the longitudinal direction of the weld groove and that two carriers each having two welding torches are moved in peripheral direction of the bodies.

2. Method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the weld groove has outward diverging walls, characterized in that at least the trailing welding torch performs an oscillating movement.

3. Method as claimed in claim 2, characterized in that the trailing welding torch is oscillated at a greater amplitude than the leading welding torch.

4. Method as claimed in claim 3, characterized in that the trailing welding torch is oscillated at a frequency differing from that of the leading welding torch.

5. Method for welding together two pipes as claimed in any of the preceding claims, characterized in that each carrier is moved per welding pass over half a peripheral part of the pipes.

6. Method as claimed in claim 5, characterized in that each carrier is moved per welding pass in downward peripheral direction of the pipes.

7. Device for welding together two bodies, for instance pipes or plates, which are placed mutually in line against each other while leaving clear a weld groove, comprising a carrier for a welding torch guidable in longitudinal direction of the weld groove, characterized by at least two carriers each having at

least two welding torches lying successively in the longitudinal direction of the weld groove.

8. Device as claimed in claim 7, wherein the weld groove has outward diverging walls, characterized by  
5 means for moving at least each trailing welding torch reciprocally in transverse direction of the weld groove.

9. Device as claimed in claim 8, characterized in  
that these means are formed by a shaft pin driven for reciprocal sliding in each carrier and connected to the  
10 respective welding torch.

1/4

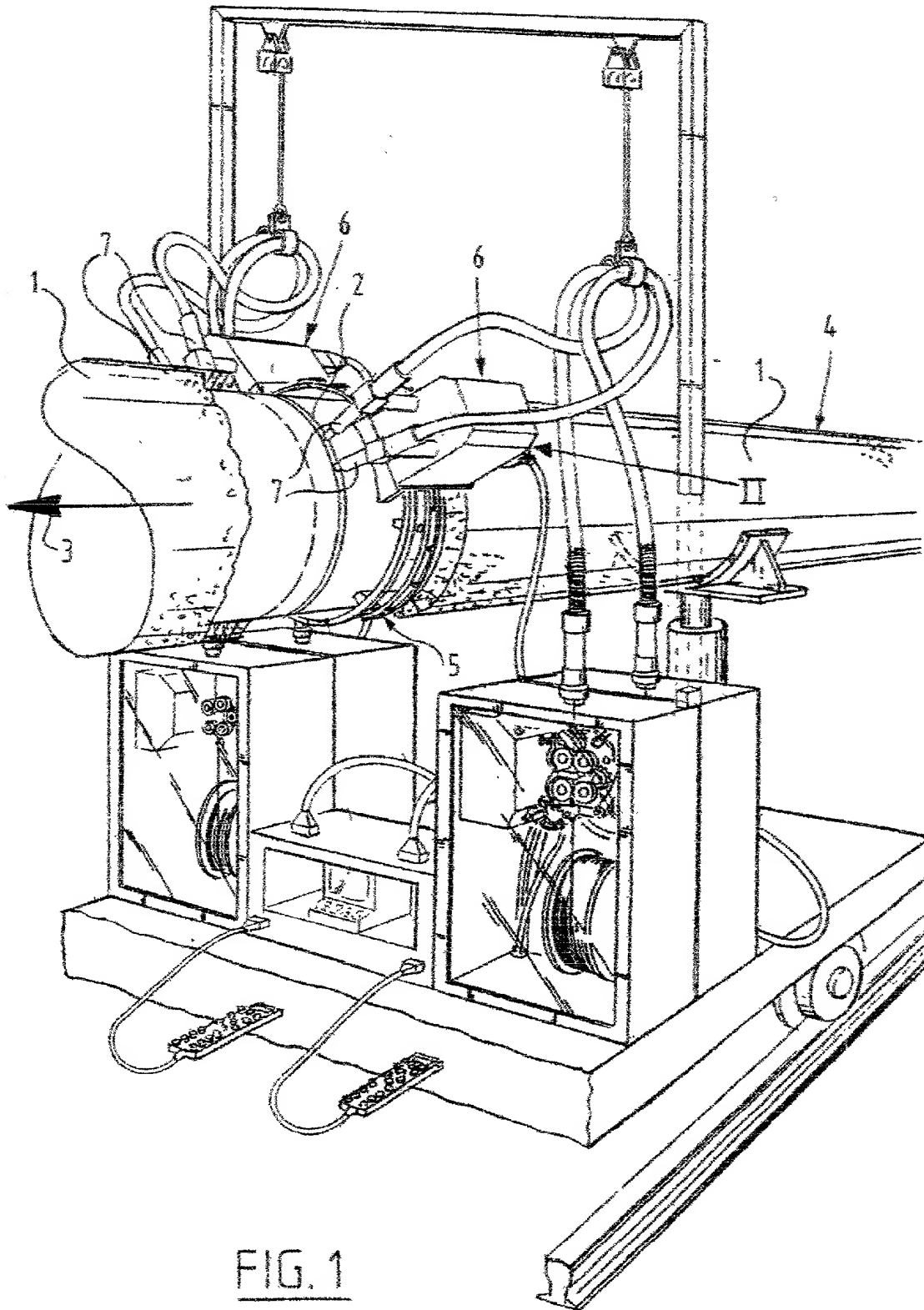
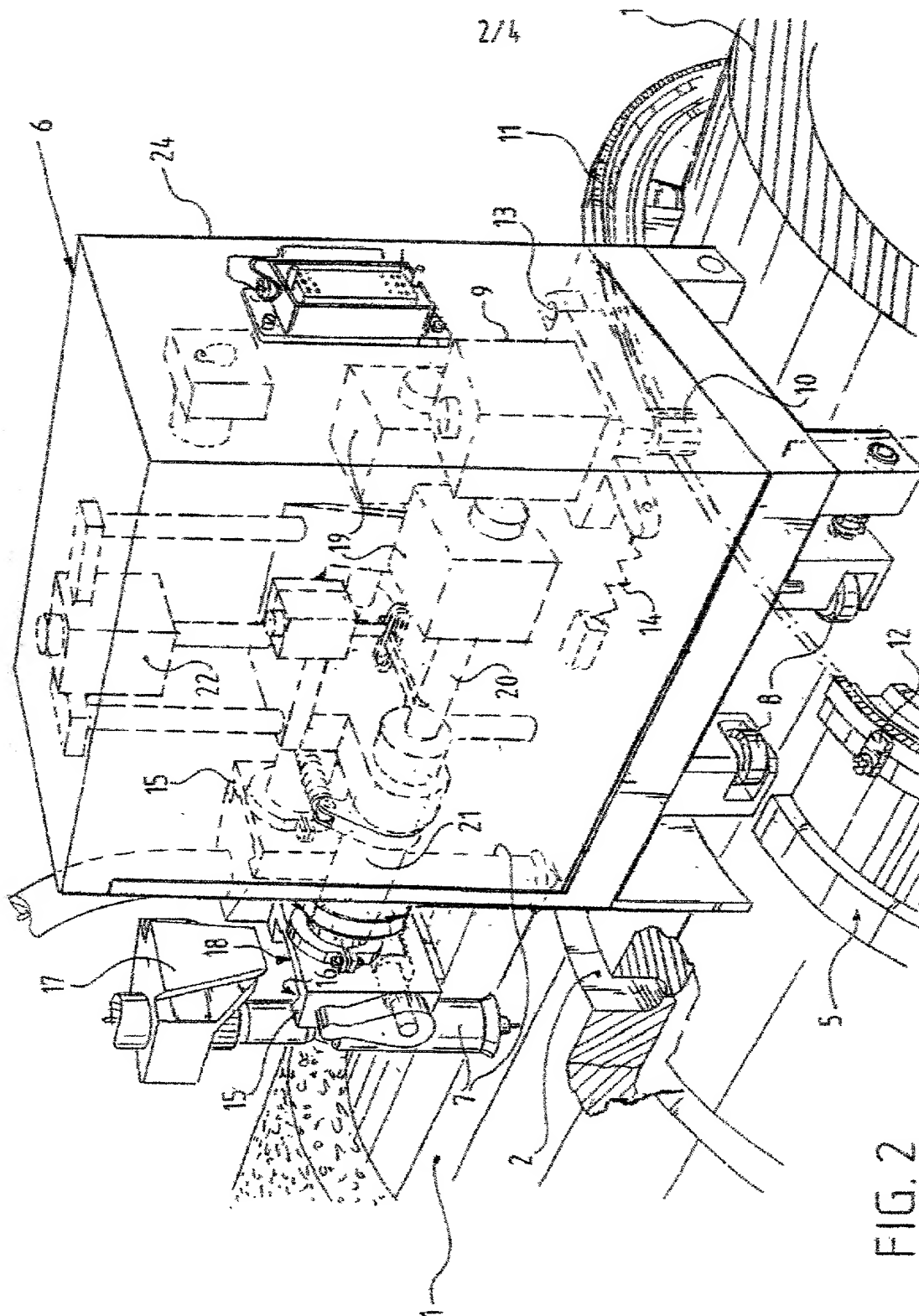


FIG. 1





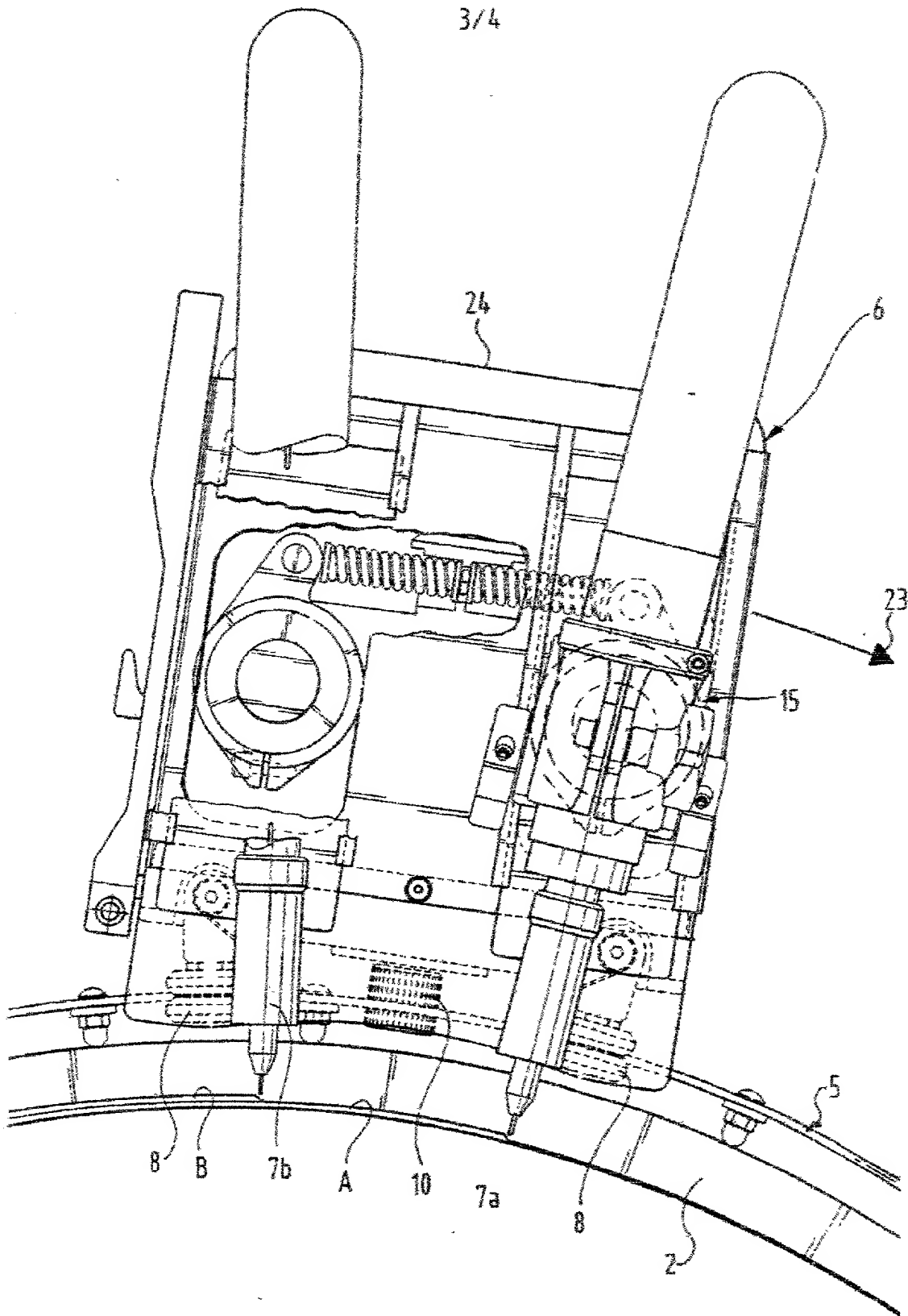


FIG. 3

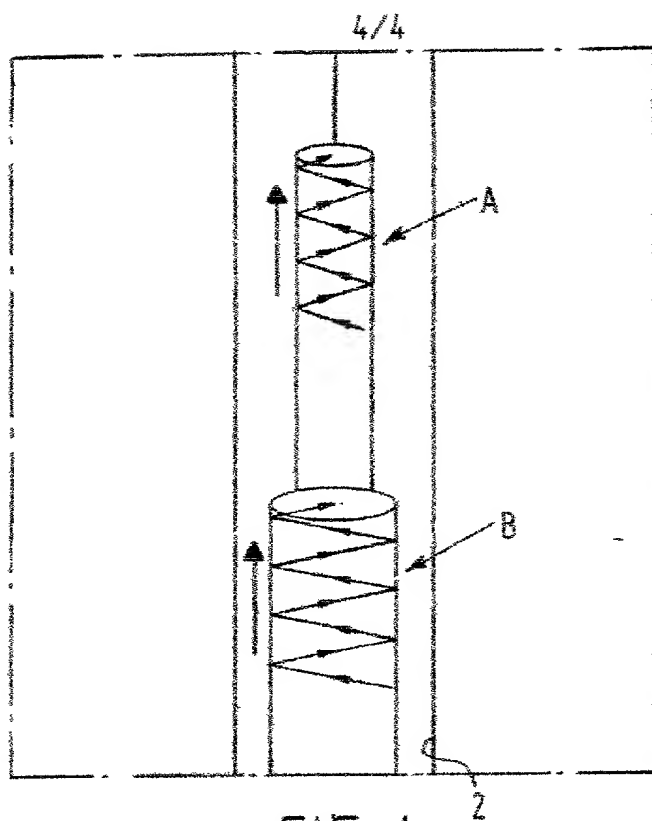


FIG. 4

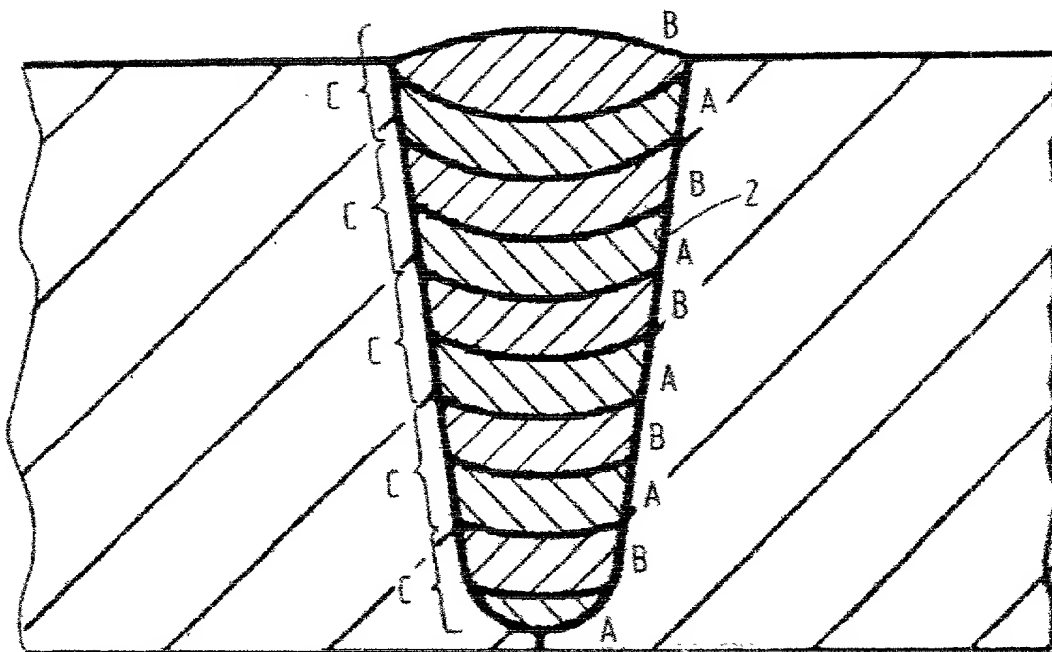


FIG. 5

COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY  
FOR A PATENT APPLICATION

ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. T7A

As below named inventor, I hereby declare that: My residence post office address and citizenship are as stated next to my name; that I verily believe that I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one inventor is named below) or a joint inventor (if plural inventors are named below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

\* Method and device for welding together two bodies

the specification of which is attached hereto unless one of the following boxes is checked:

- ☐ The Specification was filed on \_\_\_\_\_ and was assigned Serial No. \_\_\_\_\_ and was amended on \_\_\_\_\_
- ☐ was filed as PCT international application number PCT/NL00/00072 on 4 February 2000 and was amended under PCT Article 19 on 30 July 2000 (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56.

I do not know and do not believe that the invention was ever known or used in the United States of America before my or our invention thereof or patented or described in any printed publication in any country before my or our invention thereof or more than one year prior to this application, or in public use or sale in the United States of America more than one year prior this application; that the invention has not been patented or made the subject of an inventor's certificate issued before the date of this application in any country foreign to the United States of America on an application filed by me or my legal representatives or assigns more than twelve months prior to this application; and that no application for patent or inventor's certificate on said invention has been filed by me or my representatives or assigns in any country foreign to the United States of America, except as follows:

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below:

Prior Foreign Applications(s)			Priority	Claimed
<u>1011223</u>	<u>The Netherlands</u>	<u>February 5, 1999</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
(Number)	(Country)	(Month/Day/Year Filed)	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
(Number)	(Country)	(Month/Day/Year Filed)	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
(Number)	(Country)	(Month/Day/Year Filed)	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
(Number)	(Country)	(Month/Day/Year Filed)	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
(Number)	(Country)	(Month/Day/Year Filed)	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No

All Foreign Applications, if any, for any Patent or Inventor's Certificate Filed More Than 12 Months (6 Months for Designs) Prior To the Filing Date of This Application:

Country	Application No.	Date of Filing (Month/Day/Year)
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States Application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56 which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status - patented, pending, abandoned)
_____	_____	_____
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status - patented, pending, abandoned)

NOTE: Must be completed

I hereby appoint the following attorneys to prosecute this application and/or an international application based on this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected herewith and in connection with the resulting patent based on instructions received from the entity who first sent the application papers to the attorneys identified below, unless the inventor(s) or assignee provides said attorneys with a written notice to the contrary.

1 Mark Zovko, Reg. No. 27849

Send Correspondence to: Mark Zovko  
36504 28th Ave S.  
Federal Way, WA 98003

Phone: (253) 838-1909

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

GIVEN NAME	FAMILY NAME	Inventor's Signature	Date
Gerardus Maria	Kramer	<i>[Signature]</i>	9 November 2001
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 Ba. laanpoort 44, NL-2611 MC Delft, The Netherlands

GIVEN NAME	FAMILY NAME	Inventor's Signature	Date
Maarten Willem	Kastelein	<i>[Signature]</i>	9 November 2001
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GIVEN NAME	FAMILY NAME	Inventor's Signature	Date
Residence		Citizenship	

Post Office Address (Complete Street Address including City, State & Country)

GIVEN NAME	FAMILY NAME	Inventor's Signature	Date
Residence		Citizenship	

Post Office Address (Complete Street Address including City, State & Country)

GIVEN NAME	FAMILY NAME	Inventor's Signature	Date
Residence		Citizenship	

Post Office Address (Complete Street Address including City, State & Country)